



# Introduction

Solar Power Europe (SPE) and Solar Energy UK (SEUK) have decided to develop the Solar Stewardship Initiative (SSI), which, through a stepwise approach, will become a fully functional multi-stakeholder initiative by 2025. This document summarises the plans for the governance structure of the SSI from now up until 2025.

### Transitioning from the SSI project governance to SSI governance

In the past years, the highest decision-making bodies of the SSI project have been the Boards of SPE and SEUK.

Recommendations about the direction and programme design of the SSI have been provided by an industry-led group, the Sponsors Group and Coordinating Working Group.

Between Q4 2023 and Q1 2024, the "SSI project" will transition towards a proper "SSI governance" and work towards setting up:

- → An SSI Board
- → An SSI Stakeholder Advisory Group (SAG) and
- → Various **SSI working groups and committees**.

Table 1: Current governance structure and changes from 2024

Current body	Role until end 2023	From 2024
SPE Board & SEUK Board	Decision making on the vision, mission and strategic aspects of the SSI.	The SSI Board will become the main decision-making body of the SSI.
SSI Sponsors Group	Review, discuss and recommend operational and strategic decisions on the SSI system.	From 2024 onwards the Sponsors Group will be dissolved and replaced by various SSI working groups and committees. SSI Sponsors that wish to keep engaging will become SSI Members.
Coordination Group (SPE + SEUK Secretariats + chairs of	Preparatory work (meetings, agendas,	The Coordination Group will be dissolved and some of its responsibilities will be taken over by the SSI Board as and when it become fully operational (expected in Q1 of 2024).





respective workstreams	presentations,	
+ external consultants)	documents etc.)	
SSI Secretariat (SPE and	Day-to-day	SPE appointed Head of Secretariat and TDi Sustainability.
TDi Sustainability)	management and	
	implementation.	

#### SSI Governance from 2024

#### **Board**

The **SSI Board** will be the main decision approving body of the SSI. Its members will be elected for a term of two (2) years in accordance with the Board Charter. Its role will be to take decisions about the direction of the SSI also taking into account SAG recommendations. Each member of the SSI Board shall have one (1) vote and the SSI Board's decisions will be taken with simple majority (50%+1). In the case of a tie, the Chair or acting Chair can cast the deciding vote. Quorum is achieved when at least 50% of the Board members are in attendance. The composition of the Board should be gender balanced.

More specifically the SSI Board will be responsible for:

- → Defining a high-level strategy for the SSI and empowering the SSI Secretariat to take decisions to translate the strategy into concrete actions.
- → Approving the detailed SSI statutes and bylaws in 2024.
- → Approving the SSI Board annual report, budgets and accounts.
- → Approving the SSI governance, statutes, membership fees.
- → Approving the SSI Board Charter.
- → Approving decisions on awarding certifications and authorising SSI claims.
- → Overseeing the complaints and appeal mechanism and ensuring final resolution.
- → Approving SSI standards based on input by SSI committees and working groups.
- → Approving appointment of SAG members.
- → Approving SSI committees, working groups and task forces.
- → Approving the dissolution of SSI.



The SSI budget is consulted with and approved with SolarPower Europe as long as the SSI is not incorporated as a separate legal entity. Any surplus should be in reserve.

Initially, the SSI Board will be composed of eight (8) industry representatives as shown in the table below. During this period, non-industry stakeholders will be engaged through the SAG. Before the end of 2025, the SSI Board will be enlarged and become a multi-stakeholder Board, to include representatives of other stakeholders, such as civil society, academia, think tanks, public institutions, banks.

Table 2: Composition of the SSI Board from Q1 2024.

Туре	Number
Associations	<ul> <li>→ 1 representative from SPE</li> <li>→ 1 representative from SEUK</li> </ul>
Manufacturers	→ 3 representatives (2 From China, 1 from Europe)
Buyers/Developers	→ 3 representatives
Observers]	<ul> <li>→ SSI Secretariat (SPE appointed Head of</li> <li>→ Secretariat and TDi Sustainability.)</li> <li>→ Representatives of the SSI SAG (upon invitation by the SSI Board.)</li> </ul>

The first Chair for the term 2024-2025 shall be a representative of SolarPower Europe, and the first Vice-Chair for the term 2024-2025 shall be a representative of SEUK. The first members of the SSI Board will be appointed by SolarPower Europe and SEUK from the companies that have joined the SSI by November 2023 based on the following criteria:

- → Balanced representation of company types.
- → Balanced geographical representation.
- → Relevance of expertise of candidates.
- → Gender balance

The subsequent Chairs, Vice-Chair and members of the SSI Board will be elected based on the Board Charter (to be finalised by the first SSI Board).



The Chair of the SSI Board shall be responsible for:

- → Providing leadership and direction to the SSI and the SSI Board.
- → Ensuring that the SSI's work is in line with these terms of reference and the SSI's broader mission, vision and legal obligations.
- → Providing guidance to the SSI Secretariat and the SSI Head of Secretariat.
- → Together with the SSI Secretariat, drafting the agenda for each SSI Board meeting,
- → Chairing the Board meetings.
- → Representing the SSI externally, when necessary and when the SSI Head of Secretariat is not available.

The Vice-Chair shall replace the Chair in the meetings of the SSI Board in case the Chair is unavailable.

### **Stakeholder Advisory Group (SAG)**

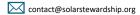
The **Stakeholder Advisory Group (SAG)** will represent the stakeholder perspective of the solar industry and will be made up of non-governmental organisations (NGOs), experts and representatives from all sectors of the solar value chain, active in mainland Europe, UK, China and other international regions, with at least one member included in each of these categories.

The role of the SAG will be to advise the SSI Board by providing recommendations on the implementation of the SSI's vision and mission. Each member of the SAG shall have one (1) vote and the SAG's decisions are taken with simple majority (50%+1). In the case of a tie, the Chair or acting Chair can cast the deciding vote. Quorum is achieved when at least 50% of the Board members are in attendance. Members of the SSI SAG can also provide further clarifications to the SSI Board individually.

Its objectives will be to:

- → Provide guidance on the direction and mission of the SSI.
- → Provide input to the SSI standards.
- → Provide input to the SSI assurance system.
- → Consider topics of relevance which could impact the reputation and credibility of the SSI.
- → Consider any other topic for which the Board is seeking input.
- → Participate in Board meetings as an observer upon invitation by the SSI Board.









The SSI Secretariat shall convene all meetings of the SAG as a co-chair and be responsible for drafting minutes.

The SSI SAG's composition should ensure that:

- → No single interest predominates, i.e., no single category of Member type outweighs the membership of categories.
- → Members are based in geographically diverse locations to reflect the solar value chain.
- → Members are free of conflict interest and shall sign declarations to that effect.
- → The SAG is gender balanced.

Table 3: Composition of the SSI Stakeholder Advisory Group from Q1 2024.

Category	Example
Corporate	→ International civil society/NGO representing a human rights agenda
accountability/	ightarrow International civil society/NGO representing an environmental protection agenda
sustainability	→ International civil society/NGO representing climate change action
	ightarrow International civil society/NGO representing the protection of consumers' rights
	→ International civil society/NGO representing organised labour
Investors and financiers	→ DFI investors
	→ Trade financiers
	ightarrow Private equity in the downstream solar value chain
Standard setting,	→ Auditing firms
regulations and	→ Government standard setting organisations
compliance	→ Multi-lateral standard setting organisations
	→ ESG Rating Agencies
	→ ESG Frameworks
Industry	→ Industry associations specific to energy
groups/alliances	→ Industry associations with general Corporate Responsibility mandate

The SSI Board is responsible for the approval of appointment of SAG members. Individuals with involvement or expertise in any aspect of the solar value chain may apply to join the SAG by approaching the SSI Secretariat. The SSI Board will consider each nomination and appoint members







based on the consideration of the eligibility criteria set out above and relevant experience of the industry. Each SAG member's tenure will be for three (3) years.

The SSI Secretariat will monitor and keep a register of attendance and advise the Chair if a member is absent on a regular basis, in which case the Board, upon recommendation from the Chair, reserves the right to remove the member from the SAG.

The **Chair of the SAG** shall be chosen by the SAG members either by consensus or by majority voting at the first meeting and will be responsible for:

- → Providing leadership and direction to the SAG.
- → Ensuring that the SAG's work is in line with these terms of reference and its mission and vision. → Together with the SSI Secretariat, drafting the agenda for each meeting.
- → Directing any person to be excluded from a meeting for any item of business, for example on grounds of confidentiality or a conflict of interest.
- → Ensuring that the SAG's recommendations are representative of the collective view, are clear and unambiguous, and that responsibility for taking forward action points is properly allocated.
- → Ensuring that the recommendations of the SAG are shared with the SSI Board.
- → Ensuring that feedback from the SSI Steering Committee/Board on previous SAG recommendations are shared with the SAG members.
- → Undertaking ad hoc work as the chair of the SAG (e.g., through the provision of advice and attendance at other relevant meetings & events).

Co-chairs may also be appointed to support the Chair and represent them in case of absence.

All recommendations made by the SAG shall be made in an impartial and independent manner. All members of the SAG must declare potential or perceived conflicts of interest by completing the Conflict of Interest

Declaration Form (see Annex) annually and each time a perceived or actual conflict of interest arises. These shall be reviewed by the Chair and SSI Secretariat.



#### Committees, tasks forces

The SSI will have various committees and task forces composed of SSI members. Committees and task forces may be created by the SSI Board. Committee and task force chairs and members are appointed by the SSI Board. Committees and task forces will be responsible for matters such as:

- → Providing input to SSI Standards.
- → Providing input to SSI assurance system.
- → Providing input to other SSI products such as the online platform.
- → Contributing to dissemination efforts of the SSI such as events and conferences.
- Considering any other topic for which the Board is seeking input.

SAG members may attend SSI members committee meetings, upon invitation from the SSI Secretariat.

#### Secretariat

The Secretariat of the SSI is responsible for the day-to-day management and implementation of the SSI, including:

- → Providing administrative support to the Board, SAG, Committees, and SSI members.
- Coordinating meetings of the SSI bodies.
- Managing SSI finances.
- Representing the SSI in external venues and events.
- Ensuring that the SAG's work is in line with these terms of reference and its mission and vision.
- Supporting the Chair in drafting meeting agendas.
- Preparing meeting minutes.
- Ensuring the SSI complies with legal and regulatory requirements.

The SSI Secretariat will consist of the SolarPower Europe appointed Head of Secretariat and TDi Sustainability.



in linkedin.com/company/solar-stewardship-initiative





### 1. Scope

This Policy governs SSI's Association with those joining the SSI as Members. For this Policy of Association, "Association" with SSI means a formal relationship between SSI and an entity joining the membership in any of the membership categories.

# 2. Association Process and Preliminary Due Diligence Screening

Before associating with an entity through the SSI membership structure, the SSI Secretariat conducts a preliminary due diligence screening to identify and evaluate risks to the SSI's reputation, credibility, and risks that could undermine the integrity of the SSI's mission. Risks investigated through the preliminary due diligence screening include unacceptable activities such as illegal activities, environmental negligence and violation of human rights.

The preliminary due diligence screening is based on desk research, taking various sources into account, including reports issued by civil society, academia as well as official government decisions and court rulings.

The preliminary due diligence screening is intended to assess whether the applicant is applying in good faith to contribute to the SSI mission, with the expectation that they are seeking to improve their supply chain sustainability and traceability, and (where applicable) have their sites go through the SSI certification process.

The preliminary due diligence screening and the subsequent admission as an SSI Member does not replace the certification against the SSI Standard(s), nor any decision by a government or a court ruling and therefore it should not be interpreted as the SSI approval, recommendation and/or endorsement of that SSI Member.

The preliminary due diligence screenings, whether completed by the SSI Secretariat or a third-party contractor will follow the SSI's due diligence procedure.

If the SSI Secretariat considers that findings from the preliminary due diligence screening warrant direct discussions, then the SSI Secretariat will seek to engage with the entity as early as possible in order to clarify any open questions.

The decision on membership applications is taken by the SSI Board based on the recommendations of the SSI Secretariat as the result of the preliminary due diligence screening.



In addition to the preliminary due diligence screening triggered by an entity seeking SSI membership, the SSI Secretariat will continuously monitor the SSI Members for unacceptable activities as described in the SSI Principles.

The SSI reserves the right to reconsider the decision to admit a member based on the criteria set out in Article 3.

# 3. Disassociation Principles

The SSI will not associate or may disassociate based on the following criteria:

### 3.1 Breach of SSI Principles

Entities which have been screened through the preliminary due diligence screening process and approved by the SSI Board will be invited to sign the SSI Principles to confirm their status as SSI Members. The SSI Principles outline the obligations of Members, and a failure to meet these obligations will result in the SSI disassociating from that Member.

#### 3.2 Assessment Process Breaches

Failure to meet the agreed deadlines in the Assessment Process may result in disassociation. This includes not completing an assessment within the timelines agreed and failure to address findings further to an assessment.

#### 3.3 Other triggers of dissociation

The following conditions may trigger dissociation:

- Proven false evidence provided to the Assessors during the assessment process.
- Intentional misuse of the SSI claims or logos as described in the SSI Claims Guide.
- Failure to adequately respond to requests for information from the SSI Secretariat.
- Involvement in an activity deemed to be unacceptable and which breaches the SSI Principles.

Unacceptable activities involving a Member can also be brought to the SSI's attention by affected stakeholders through the SSI's formal Complaints process.



### 4. Dissociation Process

# 4.1 Warnings

The SSI Secretariat will always issue a warning email to a Member to either remind them of the deadlines and obligations they have committed to or to seek an explanation by a certain deadline for a breach or failure it has identified as outlined in Article 3 of this Policy. If applicable, an extension period can be granted by the Secretariat provided the Member requests it before the final warning is issued.

## 4.2 Final Decision

The decision to disassociate will be discussed and approved by the SSI Board based on the recommendation of the SSI Secretariat.

Once a dissociation decision has been taken by the SSI Board, the SSI Secretariat will notify the entity of the termination of their membership and disassociation once approved by the SSI Board.

Following a decision by the SSI Board to disassociate, actions to terminate the relationship with the Member include:

- Removal of the Member from the membership list on the SSI website.
- Withdrawal of all certified sites related to the Member from the SSI website.
- Withdrawal of certificates confirming site certifications.
- Notice of disassociation published on the SSI website.

All data pertaining to the SSI Member will be deleted after 12 months except the certification reports which remain the property of the SSI. The SSI retains the right to keep documentation for a longer period of time should the entity be the subject of a complaint to the SSI and any other internationally recognized complaints mechanism.

Together with the decision to disassociate, the SSI Board may specify a timeline and conditions for re-joining the SSI membership.



# 5. Appeals Procedure

SSI Members can appeal the decision to disassociate. The appeals procedure follows the SSI's Complaints Procedure.

# 6. Re-joining the SSI

A former SSI Member that was disassociated can apply to re-join the membership after a period of no less than six (6) months provided the disassociation was not based on the following grounds:

- Unacceptable activities as described in the SSI Principles (illegal activities, environmental negligence, or violation of human rights).
- Proven false evidence provided to the Assessors during the process, unless deemed to be an isolated incident where identification and implementation of corrective and preventive actions, including disciplinary actions, where relevant, can be demonstrated by the Member.

Any application to re-join the SSI membership will be discussed and approved by the SSI Board based on the recommendation of the SSI Secretariat.